

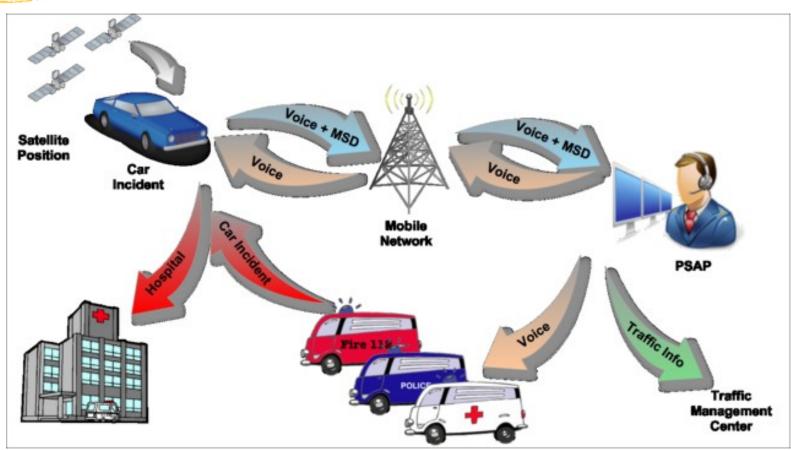
Introduction to eCall Alan Stevens

October 2012



Pan-European eCall





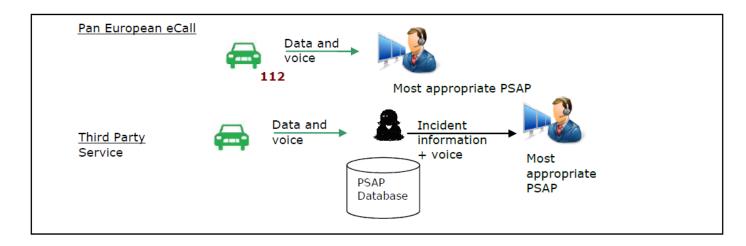
MSD = Minimum set of Data e.g. vehicle & location PSAP = Public Safety Answering Point



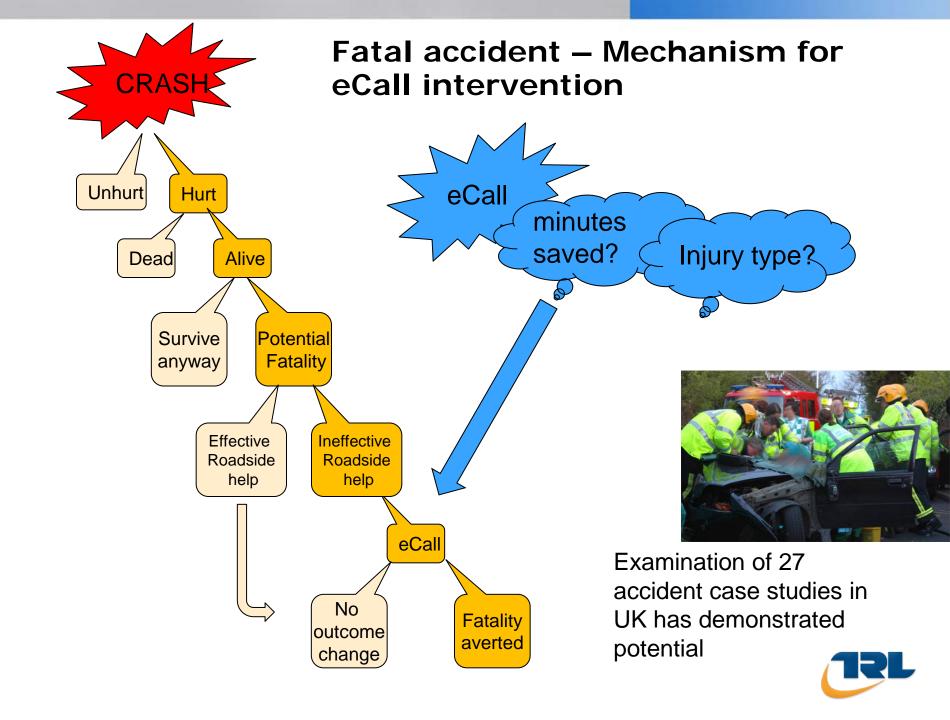


Private eCall

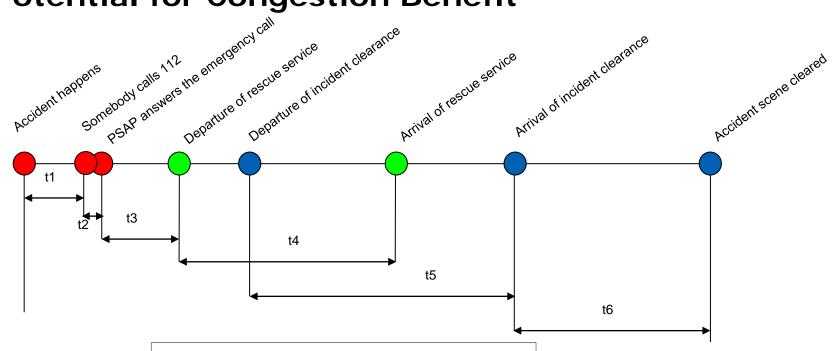
- Private eCall services are operational today
- Term: "Third Party Services" (TPS)
 - Volvo OnCall, BMW Assist, PSA Apell d´Urgance, Toyota G-book, Alfa....
- Private call centers forward information to Public Safety Answering Points (PSAP)
- Other (commercial) services are offered on top of eCall
- Private eCall may include other eCall-Data
- TPS eCall uses mainly (conventional) SMS i.e. voice and data paths are separate

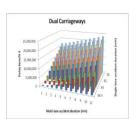


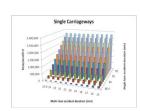


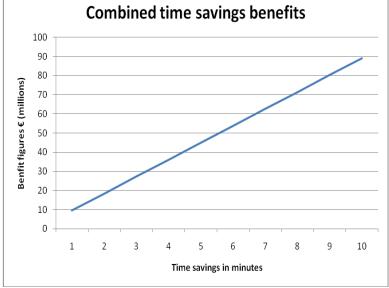


Potential for Congestion Benefit









- t1 time between accident and the reporting of the accident
- t2 emergency call answering time
- t3 alert time of rescue brigade
- t4 travel time of rescue brigade
- t5 travel time of incident clearance
- t6 time to clear the accident scene

UK Modelling has demonstrated considerable benefit



ITS ACTION PLAN

Area 5 Area 1 Area 2 Area 3 Area 4 Area 6 **Continuity of Integration of Data Protection** European **Optimal Use Traffic & Road Safety** Vehicle & ITS of Road, Traffic **Freight** and Security **Transport** Coordination Liability & Travel Data **Management** Infrastructure Promotion of EU-wide real Open in-vehicle Legal framework Continuity Security & for EU ITS of ITS in-vehicle Platform time travel data protection information services safety systems architecture cooperation Introduction of Collection Services for Development & **Decision support** Addressing liability, & provision freight transport Europe-wide evaluation of toolkit for ITS esp. in-vehicle of road data & logistics eCall investments coop. systems safety systems Accurate public European ITS Regulatory **Specifications** Guidelines data for Framework Framework for public for V2X, I2X architecture on HMI communication funding for ITS digital maps Free minimum Guidelines: Impac Mandate for Collaboration Interoperability of electronic on Vulnerable information European platform on urban ITS service toll systems road users standardisation Promotion of Guidelines:

Secure parking

places for trucks

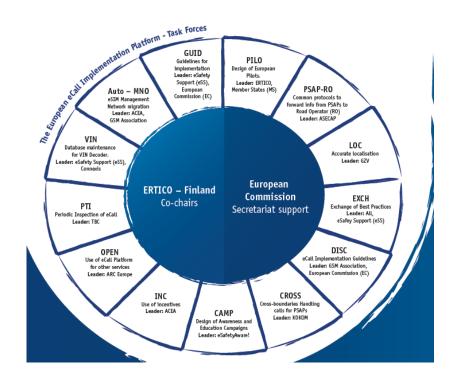
multi-modal

journey planners

European Route to Implementation - 1

- European-level quantitative Social Cost Benefit case
- EC also give weight to qualitative factors: moral case for casualty reduction, social equity, benefits to foreign travellers

- eCall Implementation
 Platform and Task Forces
- Memorandum of Understanding
- Support for standards
- Co-financed pilot trials



eCall standards - CEN TC278 WG15 eSafety

- "Mandate 453" from EC
- EC supported "Project Teams" to accelerate standards development
- Published standards:
 - EN/15722 eCall minimum set of data
 - EN/16072 eCall Pan European operating requirements
 - EN/16062 eCall High Level Application protocol
 - EN/16102 eCall Third Party Support protocol
 - EN/ISO 24978 ITS Safety and emergency messages using any available wireless media — Data registry
- Under development:
 - WI 00278316 Intelligent transport systems eCall –End to End Conformance procedures. Developed by PT1502 and submitted as TS
 - Draft Technical report (FprCEN/TR 16405) Additional optional data set for heavy goods vehicles - to be further developed as a TS/EN
 - eCall for Powered Two Wheelers





- January 2011 Dec 2013; Budget €10m
 50% EC contribution
- 8 EU Member States (Czech Republic, Finland, Germany, Greece, Italy, the Netherlands, Romania and Sweden) and Croatia
- In cooperation with Croatia, Finland and Romania, the Russian Federation will demonstrate interoperability with ERA-GLONASS emergency call
- HeERO2 under evaluation



www.heero-pilot.eu



European Route to Implementation - 2

- Impact Assessment, 2011
- The evidence suggests that voluntary encouragement will not lead to rapid and widespread eCall deployment but to private services in a relatively small number of (high end) vehicles initially, and then a slow diffusion down the vehicle fleet

- "Tripartite legislative process":
 - EC Recommendation (8 Sept 2011): Asks Member States to call on the mobile network operators to set up their networks in a way that they correctly transmit automatic emergency calls generated by cars
 - European Parliament Resolution (June 2012) for all new cars to be fitted with eCall devices by 2015
 - Technical specifications for emergency call centres to follow



eCall impact assessments for HA, EC and DfT















eCall – The Case for **Deployment** in the UK Final report 2006





Impact assessment on the introduction of the eCall service in all new type-approved vehicles in Europe, including liability/ legal issues

> FINAL REPORT 2009

SMART 2008/55



Key Points – UK Costs and Benefits

- PSAP additional costs are small; Cellular costs are probably modest
- In-vehicle unit costs are smaller than previously assumed €150
 OEM/€200 aftermarket and reducing with time
- Evidence for time saving benefit is scarce:
 - Crash notification: average of a few minutes at most?
 - Location finding assistance: 1-2 minutes at most?
- Therefore, casualty saving less than previously assumed (best estimate is 1% fatality reduction, 0.5% serious reduction); however, congestion saving is significant (11% of benefit)
- eCall on HGV and powered two-wheelers would also be beneficial

CONCLUSION:

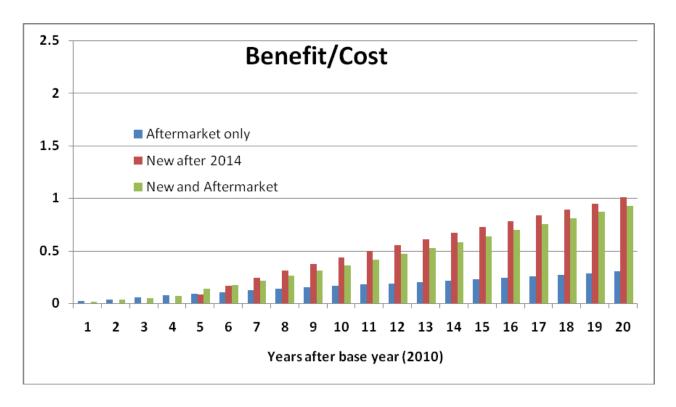
- eCall is beneficial but the cost-benefit case for UK is weaker than many (most) European countries



Principal factor cost benefit for UK

FATALITIES	
Fatalities prevented (% of fatalities/yr)	1.0
Serious injuries prevented (% of serious inj./yr)	0.5

	COSTS
Reduction in IVU / yr (%)	5
Initial IVU (€) (OEM, Aftermarket)	150,
	200
Operational cost (€ mn)	0.11
Initial Infrastructure Cost (€ mn)	0.22
AFTER MARKET TAKE-UP RATE	3.00%



 Note: New and Aftermarket produces lower B/C than New only despite higher eCall fleet numbers. This is because Aftermarket cost is higher



Key Points – UK Implementation Issues

- Article 29 working party has concluded **privacy** is not a barrier Agreed by Stakeholders that this can be managed
- No major liability issues are foreseen and will be addressed in service development
- There have been some outstanding technology issues until very recently, but it is believed that a way forward is available – e.g. eCall flag, dormant SIMS, 2G legacy, silent eCalls ...
- All mobile operators have implemented updates to "Teleservice 12" such that emergency
 calls will be routed over any available of network if there is no coverage from the
 contracted mobile network operator
- Standards, are essentially fully developed
- Effectiveness of technology is being established through pilot trials
- Strong demand for "bundling" of eCall with other services
- Strong call for support of eCall legacy systems
- Individual Stakeholders getting prepared but "edges" need to be clarified
- CONCLUSION:
 - UK is essentially "eCall-ready" and PSAP implementation costs are modest
 - Private sector are (cautiously) ready to implement eCall



Thank You

Alan Stevens Transport Research Laboratory, UK

